

Valley View Baptist Church
2 Corinthians Final Review Exam

Directions: Circle the letter for the correct answer. Write down the verse where you found the answer

1. According to chapter 1, what does Paul call the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ?

- a) The God of peace
- b) The Father of compassion and the God of all comfort
- c) The God of glory
- d) The Father of spirits

2. In chapter 2, how does Paul describe the effect of a believer's life and ministry?

- a) As a pleasant aroma of Christ among those who are being saved
- b) As a loud trumpet call
- c) As a firm foundation
- d) As a strong pillar

3. What does Paul say in chapter 3 is written not with ink but with the Spirit of the living God?

- a) The new commandment to love one another
- b) The law of Moses
- c) The Corinthians themselves, as a letter from Christ
- d) The names of the elect

4. According to chapter 4, what do believers have in "jars of clay"?

- a) The fruits of the Spirit
- b) The hidden manna
- c) The treasure of the gospel light
- d) The wisdom of God

5. In chapter 5, what does Paul say believers have from God, which is a building, a house not made with hands?

- a) An earthly dwelling
- b) An eternal house in heaven
- c) A new spiritual temple
- d) The new Jerusalem

6. What does Paul mean in chapter 6 by the command, "Do not be yoked together with unbelievers"?

- a) Do not marry unbelievers
- b) Do not make business partnerships with unbelievers
- c) Do not form close associations with unbelievers
- d) All of the above

7. In chapter 7, what did Paul find comforting when Titus arrived?

- a) News of a large financial gift
- b) Word that the Corinthian church was in good order
- c) Reports of the Corinthians' eagerness, deep sorrow, and earnest concern for him
- d) Confirmation that the false teachers had left

8. What does Paul say in chapter 8 the Macedonian churches demonstrated?

- a) A boastful attitude
- b) An abundance of joy and extreme poverty that overflowed in a wealth of generosity
- c) Strict adherence to the law
- d) A desire to follow the Jewish traditions

9. What kind of giver does God love, according to chapter 9?

- a) The generous giver
- b) The cheerful giver
- c) The secret giver
- d) The consistent giver

10. In chapter 10, how does Paul describe the "weapons of our warfare"?

- a) They are not carnal, but have divine power to destroy strongholds
- b) They are physical weapons for self-defense
- c) They are intellectual arguments and rhetoric
- d) They are miraculous signs and wonders

11. What does Paul boast about in chapter 11, in comparison to the "super-apostles"?

- a) His spiritual gifts
- b) His visions and revelations
- c) His knowledge and suffering for Christ
- d) His eloquent speech

12. In chapter 12, what does Paul say the Lord told him in response to his plea to remove his "thorn in the flesh"?

- a) "My strength is made perfect in weakness"
- b) "Greater things you will do"
- c) "Be healed and made whole"
- d) "You will overcome this trial"

13. In chapter 13, what does Paul say he will do when he visits Corinth for the third time?

- a) He will punish those who have sinned and not repented
- b) He will forgive everyone immediately
- c) He will give a final warning
- d) He will perform many miracles

14. From chapter 1, why was Paul's travel plan to visit Corinth different than originally intended?

- a) He was detained by the Roman authorities
- b) He wanted to spare the Corinthians further sorrow
- c) He received a vision telling him to delay
- d) He was shipwrecked on his journey

15. What does Paul say in chapter 3 is "fading away"?

- a) The glory of the old covenant
- b) The beauty of this world
- c) The memory of past sins
- d) The power of sin

16. In chapter 4, Paul says that "our light and momentary troubles are achieving for us an eternal glory that far outweighs them all." On what should believers fix their eyes?

- a) The visible things that are temporary
- b) The invisible things that are eternal
- c) The earthly blessings they will receive
- d) The judgment to come

17. What is the basis for reconciliation, according to chapter 5?

- a) The sacrifice of Christ
- b) The obedience of believers
- c) The forgiveness of others
- d) The knowledge of God's will

18. In chapter 6, Paul identifies himself and his companions as "servants of God" through what means?

- a) Through their impressive titles
- b) Through their spiritual gifts
- c) Through endurance in afflictions, hard work, and good conduct
- d) Through their wealth and influence

19. What does Paul say in chapter 8 is the motivation for the Corinthians' gift for the poor in Jerusalem?

- a) A command from Paul
- b) A desire to receive a reward
- c) The example of Jesus' self-giving
- d) A competition with the Macedonian churches

20. In chapter 9, what kind of giving does Paul discourage?

- a) Reluctant or under compulsion
- b) Small and infrequent
- c) Public and ostentatious
- d) Untithed and unholy

21. What does Paul say in chapter 10 is his boasting?

- a) His powerful miracles
- b) His humility and obedience to Christ
- c) His personal relationship with Christ
- d) His knowledge of the Scriptures

22. How does Paul defend himself against the accusations of the "super-apostles" in chapter 11?

- a) He boasts of his extensive education and credentials
- b) He boasts of his visions and revelations
- c) He boasts of his weaknesses and sufferings for Christ
- d) He boasts of his financial independence

23. Why did Paul not boast about his visions and revelations in chapter 12?

- a) To avoid pride and to point people to Christ
- b) To protect the Corinthians from false teaching
- c) To keep his own identity secret
- d) To prove his weakness

24. What does Paul say he fears he will find when he visits Corinth in chapter 12?

- a) People who have not repented of their sins
- b) People who have welcomed false teachers
- c) People who are living in disorder and division
- d) All of the above